AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A camera comprising:

an imaging part adapted to capture an image;

an image processing circuit for converting the image to digital video signals;

a controller connected to the imaging part and the image processing circuit;

a displaying device-adapted to display the image,

wherein the camera is the controller being adapted to determine a brightness

level of the digital video signals obtained by the imaging part and to output a command

control signal to the image processing circuit,

the image processing circuit being adapted to receive the command control

signal from the controller, to automatically correct the digital video signals according to

the determined brightness level, to convert the corrected digital video signals to

corrected analog video signals, and adapted to output the corrected analog video

signals to the displaying device, and

wherein the image processing circuit camera is adapted to automatically correct

the digital video signals according to the determined brightness level without lowering

an SN ratio.

2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A camera comprising:

an imaging part including an imaging device;

a signal processing part including a A/D converter and a correcting part, the

signal processing part adapted to process convert analog video signals outputted from

the imaging part into digital video signals;

a controller connected to the imaging device and the signal processing part, the

controller including a brightness determining part adapted to receive the digital video

signals outputted from the signal processing part and adapted to determine a brightness

level of the received digital video signals[[;]], the controller also including a correction

amount determining part adapted to determine a correction amount for the digital video

signals according to the brightness level of the <u>digital</u> video signals determined by the

brightness determining part, and the controller being adapted to output a command

control signal to [[a]] the correcting part;

the correcting part of the signal processing part adapted to receive the command

control signal from the controller, to automatically correct the digital video signals

according to the correction amount determined by the correction amount determining

part, wherein the correcting part is adapted and to correct the digital video signals

according to the determined brightness level from the brightness determining part

without lowering an SN ratio; and

wherein the signal processing part also includes a D/A converter for converting

the corrected digital video signals into corrected analog video signals, and an outputting

part adapted to output the corrected analog video signals corrected by the correcting

part-to a displaying device.

3. (CANCELLED)

4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A camera comprising:

an imaging part that includes an imaging device;

a variable gain amplifier that amplifies video signals outputted from the imaging

part;

a signal processing part that processes the video signals amplified by the

variable gain amplifier;

a brightness determining part that receives the video signals outputted from the

signal processing part and determines a brightness level of the received video signals;

a gain controlling part that controls a gain of the variable gain amplifier according

to the brightness level of the video signals, wherein the gain of the variable gain

amplifier is controlled to an optimum-gain value falling within an effective gain range and

which does not permit a lowering of an SN ratio;

a correction amount determining part that determines a correction amount for the

video signals according to the brightness level of the video signals determined by the

brightness determining part;

a correcting part that corrects the video signals according to the correction

amount determined by the correction amount determining part; and

an outputting part that outputs the video signals corrected by the correction part

to a displaying device.

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5. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The camera according to claim 2, wherein the

correcting part does not include a variable gain amplifier.

6. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A camera comprising:

a taking lens;

a diaphragm operatively connected to the taking lens;

an imaging device operatively connected to the taking lens and the diaphragm;

an image signal processing circuit having

an A/D converter for converting analog image signals from the imaging

device into digital image signals,

a gamma correcting circuit,

a YC signal generating circuit adapted to perform gamma processing and

chroma signal processing on the digital image signals, and

a D/A converter adapted to convert the digital image signals into analog

image signals;

a display device controlling circuit adapted to output the analog image signals to

a displaying device according to the analog image signals output from the image signal

processing circuit; and

a microcomputer operatively connected to an EEPROM,

wherein said microcomputer is adapted to control the diaphragm according to the

digital image signals from the image signal processing circuit, adapted to send shutter

speed control signals to the imaging device for controlling camera shutter speed, and

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adapted to automatically determine if a determined brightness level of the digital image

signals is lower than a predetermined value, and

wherein said microcomputer is adapted to obtain a correction value from the

EEPROM according to the determined brightness level of the digital image signals and

to output a command control signal to the image signal processing circuit for automatic

correction processing of the digital image signals without lowering an SN ratio and

before the digital image signals are converted into the analog image signals by the D/A

converter.

7. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The camera according to claim 6, further

comprising a switch for choosing a command correction processing mode or a non-

correction processing mode.

8. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The camera according to claim 6, further

comprising a variable gain amplifier operatively connected between the imaging device

and the A/D converter of the image signal processing circuit,

wherein a gain of the variable gain amplifier is controlled by the microcomputer to

provide an optimum gain value falling within an effective gain range provided by a data

table within the EEPROM and which does not permit a lowering of the SN ratio.

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9. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The camera according to claim 8, said

variable gain amplifier amplifying the analog image signals from the imaging device

before said A/D converter receives said analog image signals.

10. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A camera that captures an image with an

imaging part and displays the image on a displaying device,

wherein the camera determines a brightness level of video signals obtained by

the imaging part and automatically corrects the video signals according to the

determined brightness level and outputs the corrected video signals to the displaying

device, and

wherein the camera automatically corrects the video signals according to the

determined brightness level by offsetting the brightness levels of the video signals by a

correction value through correction processing, and further comprising:

a variable gain amplifier that amplifies signals outputted from an imaging part;

and

a gain controlling part that controls a gain of the variable gain amplifier according

to the brightness level of the video signals,

wherein the gain of the variable gain amplifier is controlled to an optimum gain

value falling within an effective gain range and which does not permit a lowering of an

SN ratio.

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11. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method for adjusting a brightness level of

an image captured on a camera and displayed on a display device, said method

comprising:

determining a brightness level of video signals obtained by an imaging part and

automatically correcting the video signals according to a determined brightness level;

and

outputting the corrected video signals to the display device, wherein the camera

automatically corrects the video signals according to the determined brightness level by

offsetting the brightness levels of the corrected video signals by a correction value

through correction processing, wherein a microcomputer within the camera provides an

optimum gain value falling within an effective gain range provided by a data table within

an EEPROM of the computer and which does not permit a lowering of an SN ratio.

12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method for adjusting a brightness level of

an image captured on a camera and displayed on a display device, said method

comprising:

determining a brightness level of video signals obtained by an imaging part and

automatically correcting the video signals according to a determined brightness level;

and

outputting the corrected video signals to the display device, wherein the camera

automatically corrects the video signals according to the determined brightness level

without lowering an SN ratio, wherein a gain controlling part of the camera controls a

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gain of a variable gain amplifier within the camera according to the determined

brightness level of the video signals, and the gain of the variable gain amplifier is

controlled to an optimum gain value falling within an effective gain range.